

CONNECT THE COUNTRY TO THE EXPLORER – write the letter of the country that each explorer is from in the blank.

A. Spain B. Portugal C. France D. England

Balboa _____ Cartier _____ Verrazano _____ Drake _____ Coronado _____

19. By the mid-1700's, new _____ disputes between England and _____ resulted in England gaining control over much of _____ after the _____. English colonies flourished until the 1770's when the colonists declared their independence, leading to the _____ War.

FOR THE NEXT SECTION: <http://mrnuussbaum.com/explorers/legends/>

Silk Road

20. Name three (3) products Marco Polo wrote about after his travels to China.

Conversion

21. One of the goals of most explorers to the New World was to spread the _____ faith

22. Why did some of the native people convert? _____

Northwest Passage

23. Where did the explorers think the Northwest passage WAS? _____

Life on the Ship

24. Name 2 reasons why ship life was hard. _____

25. What is scurvy? _____

26. What sleep disease did many sailors suffer from? _____ Why? _____

I. The End of the Age of Exploration?

"The Age of Exploration is inherent in the human existence. It did not end with vast sea exploits. Adventurers explored by land and air, and now venture into space. Once most of the earth was charted and documented, human beings sought to break time records of air travel around the world. Now that air travel is rapid and routine, mankind has ventured out to the infinity of space."

Space exploration now holds the same wonder and fables that once fascinated the Europeans of the fifteenth century. Modern generations marvel at mankind's first steps on the moon. Perhaps future generations will marvel at mankind's first steps on Mars, or the first meeting with an alien civilization. What modern truths will turn into the myths of the future?

- (a) What do you think is the most important discovery or achievement of the Age of Exploration?

- (b) Do you think the Age of Exploration is over?

The Age of Exploration Webquest

Due: Thursday

Name: _____

Period: _____ **Date:** _____

LINK FOR FIRST 12 QUESTIONS: <http://geography.about.com/od/historyofgeography/a/ageexploration.htm>

Age of Exploration Intro

1. What is another term for the "Age of Exploration"? _____
2. List 2 reasons why these individuals started exploring. _____

Reasons for Exploration & Key Voyages

3. How did the explorers get the funding to make these journeys? _____
4. Which Empire took control of Constantinople in 1453? _____ Why was this a problem for European merchants? _____
5. What were two trade routes that were very important for the Europeans to get to the Far East?

6. The first journeys in the Age of Discovery were conducted under the leadership of _____
7. What was the main goal for Portuguese voyages? _____
8. Which treaty divided the world in half? _____
9. Many important voyages happened during this time, including one by _____ who circumnavigated the globe, the search for a trade route to Asia through the _____ and Captain _____ voyages that allowed him to travel as far as _____.

Contributions to Geography

10. Name three ways that these voyages made a significant impact on geography.

11. Methods of _____ and _____ improved as a result of these travels.
12. By moving away from the shoreline to explore, Prince Henry created one of the first _____ maps.

LINK FOR NEXT 12 QUESTIONS: <http://mrnussbaum.com/explorers/age/>

Use the links on the Left side of the page to find the answers

13. What was the Silk Road? _____
14. Why did Columbus sail for Spain (he was from Portugal!)? _____
15. _____ discovered Florida while looking for the mythical _____
16. The 1st permanent settlement in the New World was at _____
17. _____ crushed the _____ empire in _____ and claimed it for Spain.
18. Francisco _____ did the same to the _____ empire in _____.

Name _____

Columbian Exchange Internet Activity
<http://daphne.palomar.edu/scrout/colexc.htm>

1. Name 5 biological impacts the Columbian Exchange had on the world? _____
2. Name 3 cultural impacts the Columbian Exchange had on the world? _____

Click on American Corn (Maize)

3. How long ago was corn domesticated? _____
4. What country does corn come from? _____
5. What has the Columbian Exchange done for the population? Explain. _____
6. Name 5 plants from America? _____
7. Why is maize so important to the world? _____
8. Name 3 ways maize is used? _____
9. How is maize used in Europe? _____
10. How is maize used in Africa? _____
11. How is maize used in Asia? _____
12. What are we as North Americans familiar with maize as? _____

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Click on Potato

13. What is another name for potatoes? _____
14. Where are potatoes derived? _____
15. What characteristics did these plants have at high altitude? _____
16. Name 4 tubers? _____
17. Why did the potato thrive in Europe? _____
18. Why did the potato famine happen in Ireland? _____

Go Back

Click on Horse

19. Where did the horses from the Ice Age migrate to? _____
20. What are some traits of American horses, thanks to the Romans? _____
21. What conquistador made a major impact with horses? _____
22. Why did the horse make a greater impact on the Columbian Exchange than did the

donkey? _____

23. What do we measure horsepower to? _____

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Click on Disease

24. Why did disease affect the Native Americans? _____

25. What was the percentage of impact on the Native Americans from disease? _____

26. Name 4 types of diseases that took the Native Americans? _____

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Click on Sugar

27. Where was sugarcane developed and domesticated? _____

28. What was sugarcane sucrose viewed as before 1000 AD? _____

29. In the 1500s, what two European countries began sugarcane production? _____

30. Which voyage of Columbus's brought sugarcane to Americas? _____

31. What did sugar become for the industrializing Europeans? _____

32. What 'aphrodisiac' came from sugar? _____

33. What replaced Native American labor on sugar plantations after 1600 and why? _____

34. After 1880, why is there such a mix of cultures in the Caribbean? _____

35. What was sugarcane, in the aspect of the Columbian Exchange, responsible for creating? _____

36. Who are the highest consumers of sugar today? _____

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Click on Liberty

37. What 5 nations did the Iroquois League unite? _____

38. What did Ben Franklin bring to our constitution from this Iroquois League example? _____

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Click on Corporate Structure

39. What were the 4 most powerful European nations? _____

40. Name a company, commodities, affiliation, and center for each of the four nations.

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Click on Ecology

41. Were Native Americans 'one with nature'? _____
42. What percentage of the land was destroyed after 1890? _____

Critical Thinking questions

43. What do you think was the most important factor in the Columbian Exchange? Explain. _____

44. Give an example of how three continents were connected in the Columbian Exchange? _____

45. What group suffered most from the Columbian Exchange and who gained? Explain. _____

Name: _____

The Transatlantic Slave Trade Webquest

<http://www.inmotionaame.org/migrations/landing.cfm?migration=1>

Step One: Read "The Middle Passage" and answer the following questions

1. What are the three parts of the "Triangle Trade"?
2. Where does the name Middle Passage come from?
3. How long was the "Middle Passage"?
4. Ships could hold _____ people yet many times carries as many as _____ people.
5. Describe the live of slaves on board:
6. How did people try to end their suffering? What happened to them?
7. What percentage of slaves did not survive the passage?
8. What helped to unite the slaves on the ships?

Step Two: Read "Impact of the Slave Trade on Africa" and answer the following questions:

9. How did the slave trade affect the population of Africa?
 10. What caused technological and economic development to suffer?
 11. How did relationships between people and the government change?
 12. How did Europeans impact African governments?
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